Advanced Power Reactors in Korea

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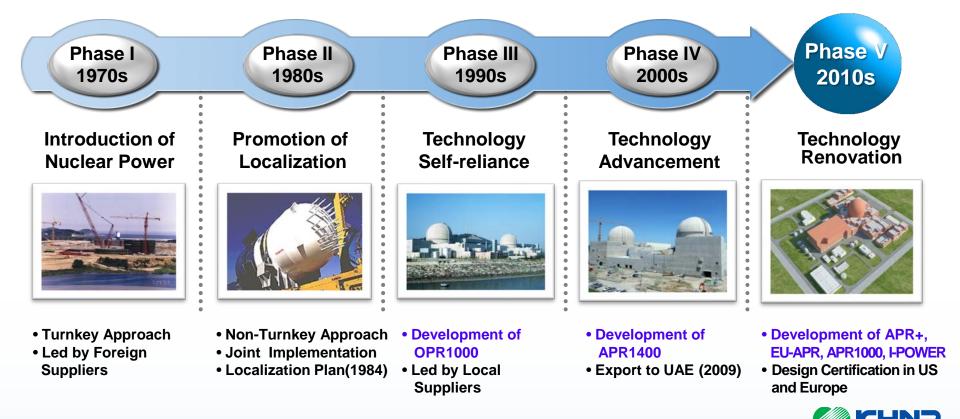




Introduction

History of Nuclear Rector Development in Korea

- Continual construction of NPPs after introducing the first unit in 1971
 - 25 operating units, 7 units in Korea & 4 units in UAE under construction
- In addition, advanced reactors has been developed and the APR1400 customized designs assessed for Design Certification in USA & Europe



Strategy for Advanced Reactor Development

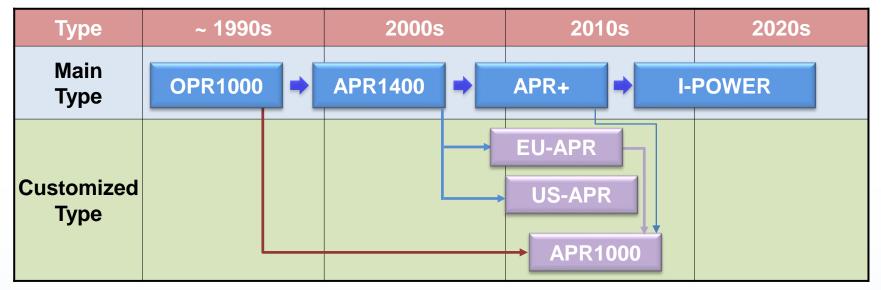
Short-term strategy

- Evolutionary development of advanced reactors and demonstrating their performance through domestic construction & operation : APR1400, APR+
- Performing customized engineering for advanced reactors to comply with market demands in capacity & regulation : EU-APR, APR1000, US-APR1400

Long-term strategy

Revolutionary development to improve NPP safety innovatively : I-POWER

Roadmap of Advanced Reactor Development







Technical Background of EU-APR

- APR1400 developed to fully comply with US regulations for ALWR and EPRI utility requirements
 - 1 operating unit, 7 units in Korea & 4 units in UAE under construction
- EU-APR customized for Europe based on the reference plant (SKN 3&4) design
 - Incorporating EUR Rev. D, IAEA SSR-2/1, WENRA requirements, and recommendations of EU Stress Tests





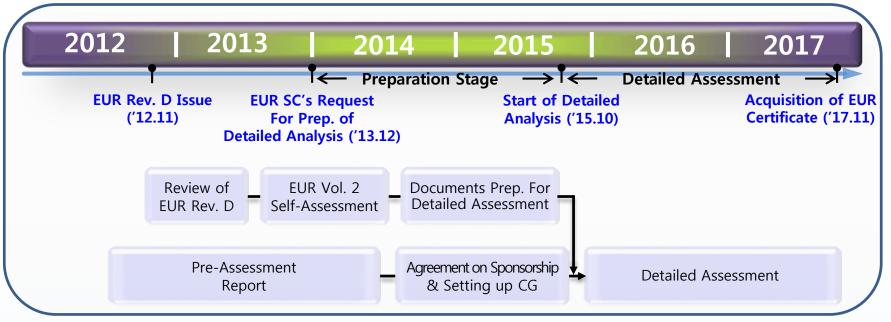
Comparison of APR1400 Series Designs

Parameters		SKN 3&4	UAE	NRC-DC	EU-APR
Design Criteria Base		10CFR, NRC RG	10CFR, NRC RG	10CFR, NRC RG	IAEA, WENRA, EUR
Metrication		British	British	British	SI
Frequency		60 Hz	50 Hz	60 Hz	50 Hz
Codes & Stds	Mech.	ASME	ASME	ASME	ASME, EN
	Elec./I&C	IEEE	IEEE	IEEE	IEC
	QA	ASME NQA-1	ASME NQA-1	ASME NQA-1	IAEA GS-R-3, ISO
Acceptance Criteria for limiting DBC(LBLOCA)		250 mSv/2hr (TID-14844)	250 mSv/2hr (TID-14844)	250 mSv/2hr (TID-14844)	5 mSv (RST)
Redundancy of Safety Systems		Mech. 4-train Elec. 2-train	Mech. 4-train Elec. 2-train	Mech. 4-train Elec. 4-train	Mech. 4-train Elec. 4-train
Aircraft Crash Protection Design		Exclusion due to low APC Probability	Reinforced Primary Containment & Aux. Bldg	Reinforced Primary Containment & Aux. Bldg	Double Containment, Reinforced Aux. Bldg
Severe Accident Mitigation Systems		SAs Dedicated Sys. + DBC Mitigation Sys.	SAs Dedicated Sys. + DBC Mitigation Sys.	SAs Dedicated Sys. + DBC Mitigation Sys.	Dedicated Systems for SAs
I&C Architecture		2-platform	2-platform	2-platform	3-platform

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EUR Certification Project of EU-APR

- To establish the cornerstone for EU-APR to enter into the European market through obtaining EUR Certificate in 2017
 - Applied to the EUR assessment on December 2011 and passed the preliminary assessment stage on December 2013
 - Detailed assessment was successfully finished this May and Certification to be issued on November 2017



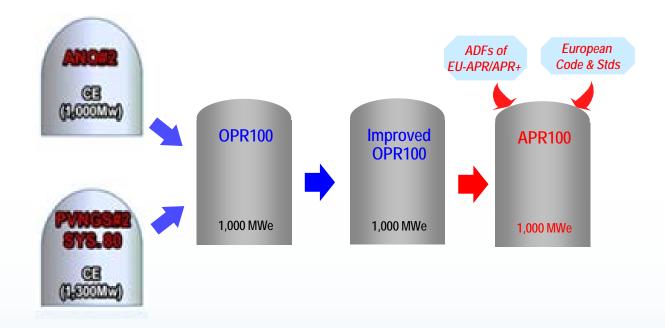




Technical Background of APR1000

OPR1000 developed by combining CE designs of ANO and PVNGS

- 12 units are operating in Korea from 1995
- APR1000 is the customized design of OPR1000 for Europe by adopting Advanced Design Features of EU-APR and APR+
 - Sep. 2014 ~ Sep. 2015 : Completion of concept design development
 - Aug. 2016 ~ Aug. 2018 : Developing the basic design of APR1000 NI





Comparison of OPR1000 & APR1000

Ра	rameters	OPR1000(SWN 1&2)	APR1000	
Desigr	n Criteria Base	10CFR, NRC RG	IAEA, WENRA, EUR	
М	etrication	British	SI	
	T/G	1,800 rpm, 60 Hz (GE)	3,600 rpm, 50 Hz (Doosan-Skoda)	
Codes & Stds	Mech.	ASME	ASME, EN	
	Elec./I&C	IEEE	IEC	
	QA	ASME NQA-1	IAEA GS-R-3, ISO	
Acceptance Criteria for limiting DBC(LBLOCA)		250 mSv/2hr (TID-14844)	5 mSv (RST)	
Redundancy	y of Safety Systems	Mech. 2-train Elec. 2-train	Mech. 4-train Elec. 4-train	
Aircraft Cras	h Protection Design	Exclusion due to low APC Probability	Double Containment, Reinforced Aux. Bldg	
	cident Mitigation Systems	SAs Dedicated Sys. + DBC Mitigation Sys.	Dedicated Systems for SAs	
I&	C Design	Analog	Fully Digital, 3-platform	

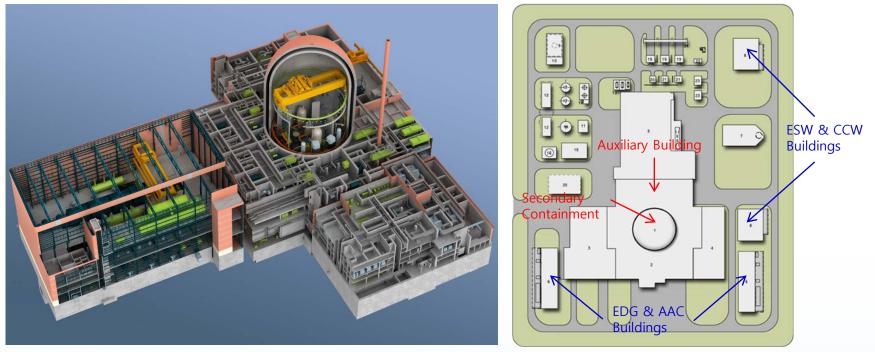
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Major Advanced Design Features for EU-APR & APR1000

Building and Structure Design

- Secondary containment and reinforced or physically separated arrangement of safety buildings against intentional airplane crash
- Stack to monitor discharged gas in the integrated manner and to enhance dispersion of discharged gas





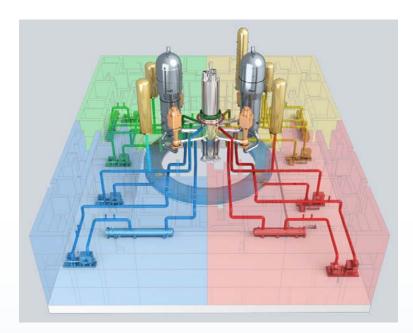
Safety System Design

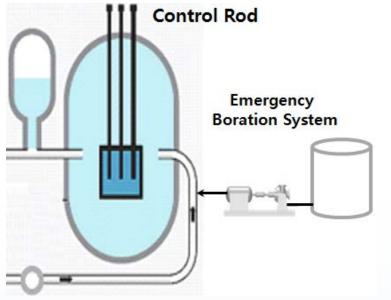
Redundancy

- N+2 Design : SC-2 systems to mitigate DBC 3 & 4 accidents
- N+1 Design : SC-3 systems to mitigate DBC 2, DEC and Severe Accidents

Diversity

Equipping with system or component level alternative measures against
CCFs of systems performing safety functions in the event of DBC 2 & 3



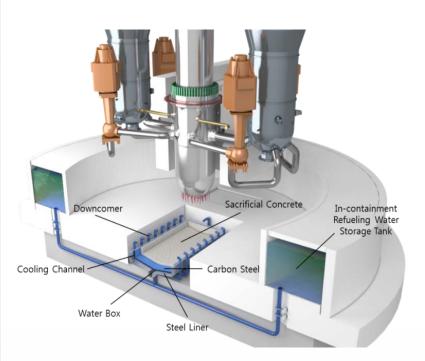




Dedicated Severe Accident Mitigation System

SAs dedicated mitigation systems to preserve the containment integrity independent of systems for Design Basis Conditions

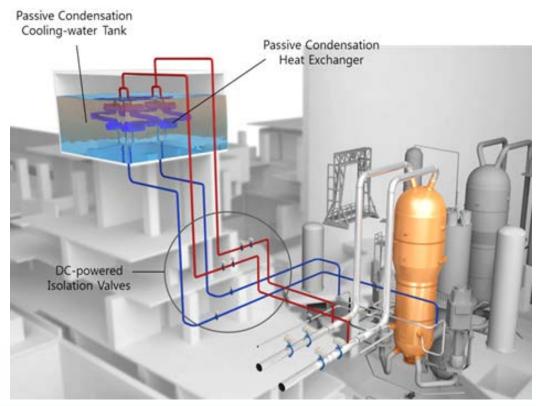
System	Function	
Passive Corium Cooling System	Preventing interaction between molten core and pressure-bearing materials of the containment	
Emergency Reactor Depressurization System	Preventing high pressure molten ejection	
Containment Spray System	Preventing containment over- pressurization	
Passive Hydrogen Control System	Maintaining hydrogen concentration in containment below 10 v/o	
Instrument System	Monitoring status of plant condition	
Electrical System	Supplying power to SAs dedicated systems by using battery and AACs	





Passive Aux Feedwater System(PAFS)

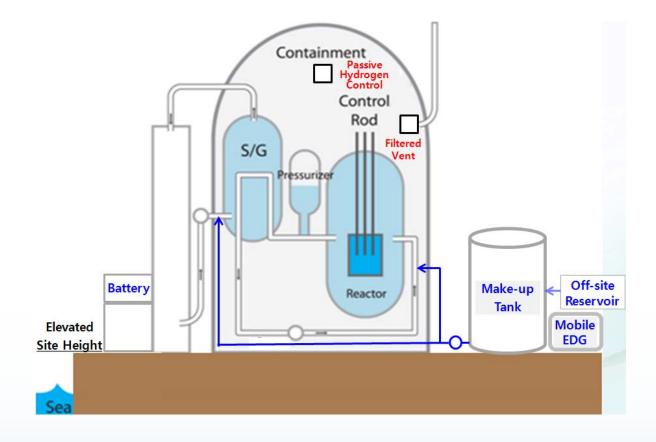
- Passive safety feature applied to APR1000, completely substituting conventional active Aux-Feedwater System(AFWS)
 - Improving plant safety through core residual heat removal using natural force
 - Two independent trains, each train can remove 100% core residual heat
 - System initiation valve supplied from battery for at least 72 hours in the extremely rare event such as Fukushima Accident





Counter-Measures for Extremely Rare Events

- Reinforced waterproof function against external flooding
- Protection designs against loss of electrical power & ultimate heat sink
 - External injection path for emergency cooling of RCS, SG and SFP
 - Mobile generator, capacity-reinforced and flood-protected batteries

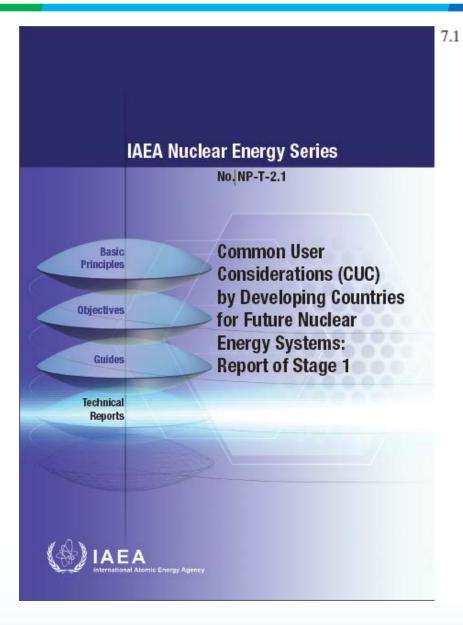






Why EU-APR & APR1000 are Proven Designs

Definition of Proven Design in IAEA



Proven technology

- 7.1.1 Proven technology should include overall nuclear power plant systems and elements. The elements should include components, plant structures, design and analysis techniques, maintainability and operability features and construction techniques.
- 7.1.2 The provenness of overall nuclear power plant systems should be demonstrated through several years of operation of similar nuclear power plants as a commercial plant with a good operational record.
- 7.1.3 The provenness of the elements as defined in 7.1.1 should be demonstrated through one or more of the following:

Several years of operation in existing nuclear power plant;

Full or part scale testing facilities;

Several years of operation in other applicable industries such as fossil power and process industries.

- 7.1.4 The supplier should review existing databases of operating experience to identify both positive experience as well as causes of significant events and unplanned outages, and incorporate appropriate features in the nuclear power plant design.
- 7.1.5 The reactor system should have been licensed or should be licensable in the country of system origin and the licensing information should be made available.



Performance of Reference Plant

IAEA NP-T-2.1, 7.1.2

 The provenness of overall nuclear power plant systems should be demonstrated through several years of operation of similar nuclear power plants as a commercial plant with a good operational record.

EU-APR

- The reference plant, SKN #3, has been operated without any transient such as unplanned trip after entering commercial operation on Feb. 2017
- Other APR1400 constructions are successfully performed in Korea and UAE

APR1000

- The reference plant, SWN #2, has been operated without any operation problem after entering commercial operation on Jul. 2015
- 12 OPR1400 plants are operated with greater than 85% of availability



Verification Tests for Newly Adopted Designs

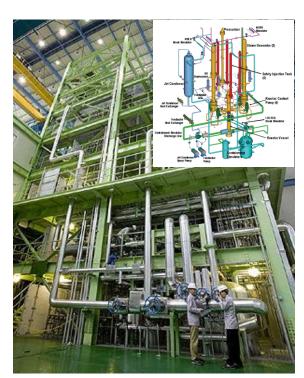
IAEA NP-T-2.1, 7.1.3

- The provenness of the elements as defined in 7.1.1 should be demonstrated through one or more of the following:
 - Several years of operation in existing nuclear power plant;
 - Full or part scale testing facilities;
 - Several years of operation in other applicable industries such as fossil power and process industries.

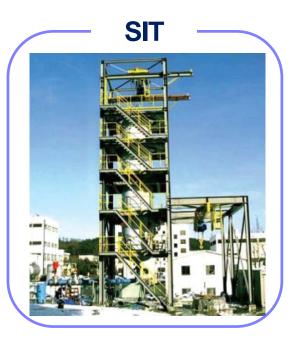


Verification Tests for Safety Injection System





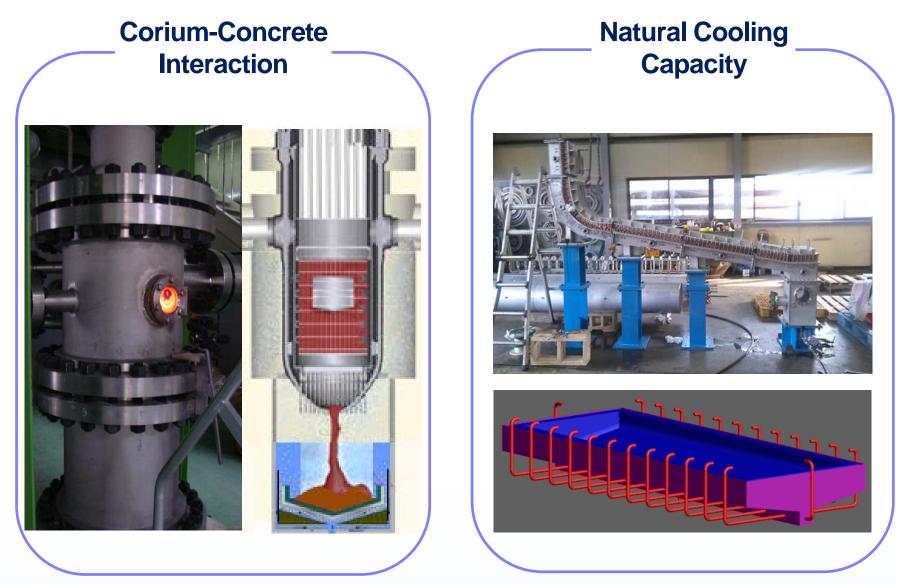
Integral Loop Test (ATLAS)





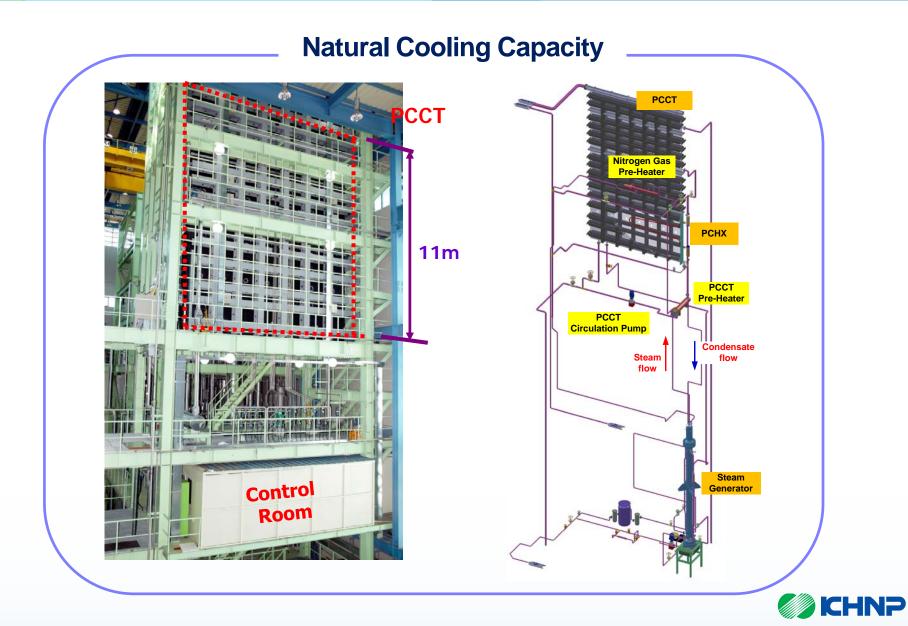


Verification Tests for Core Catcher(PECS)





Verification Tests for PAFS





Closing Remarks

- EU-APR and APR1000 are proven designs to satisfy the customer's demands regarding capacity and applied Codes & Standards
- On-time construction and delivery based on the experience and know-how accumulated through continuous construction and operation of NPPs for the past 40 years
- Technical support through developing advanced technologies to enhance the plant performance
- Continual effort to develop more secure, reliable, and economic advanced reactor



THANK YOU

